

## FOUGHT AT PEKIN WALL

**JAPANESE GENERAL REPORTS ON THE  
ENGAGEMENT.**

**Three of the City Gates Destroyed After an All-Day Battle—One Report Says Prince Ching Received Allies in a Friendly Manner—Austrian Secretary Is Wounded**  
*Special Cable Dispatches to The Sun*

Shanghai—The report of an all-out battle at Nankin before the allies entered the capital and effected the rescue of the foreigners is contradicted by Gen. Fukushima, the commander of the Japanese forces. The attack began on Wednesday morning and the Japanese forces entered the city through the Chooyang, Tongli and Tungchien gates.

A despatch to Dabziel's News Agency from Shanghai also says the attack began on Wednesday morning and the Japanese demolished the Chienan and Tongli gates in the evening. The other forces entered by the Tungchien gate.

Near Admiral Bruce confirming the statement that Pekin was captured by the allies on the 15th and that the legations are safe. He says details will be sent later.

The *San Francisco Telegraph* publishes a Shantung despatch which states that there was a "strong reinforcement at Pekin and that Chinese (being recaptured) the allies in the most friendly manner." The Court, according to this correspondence, left Pekin in the direction of the Province of Shensi on Aug. 11.

The Customs Commission at Chiao-choo sent under date of Aug. 18, 1919, P. M., a follow-up concerning the Pekin custom staff: "Wagner was killed and Morgan and Richardson seriously wounded. The others are tolerably well."

Aug. 18.—An official telegram to the Foreign Office announcing the relief of Pekin adds the information that Dr. A. C. Rothemann, the Austrian Secretary of Legation,

**RUSSIANS KILL 500 CHINESE.**  
**Capture Haicheng After Inflicting Two S. Korean Defeats on the Enemy.**  
*Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.*  
ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 18.—Admiral Alexieff telegraphs from Port Arthur, under date of Aug. 13, that the Russians captured Haicheng north of Newchwang, on Aug. 12. After repulsing the Chinese at Tashitao on Aug. 10, where the Chinese lost between 100 and 150, the attack was resumed on the 11th, when the Chinese were again repulsed. This time the Chinese lost between 300 and 400 men and four guns. They

on Aug. 12, losing two guns. The Chinese numbered 5,000 and had eight guns. The Russians had seven men wounded.

LONDON, Aug. 18.—A despatch received at St. Petersburg from Gen. Orloff reports his arrival at Meduchel. The Russians attacked the Chinese on Aug. 12, but he does not state what the result was. Gen. Orloff proceeded from Chemerta to Yakshi on the 14th. It is reported that Chinese troops are arriving in the neighborhood of Kobdo and that the Chinese are enlisting Kalmucks and collecting horses in Mongolia.

**FAREWELL TO VON WALTERSEE.**  
The Kaiser Expresses His Gratification at the  
Acceptance of the Latter's Appointment.  
*Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.*  
CASSEL, Aug. 18.—Emperor William re-  
ceived Field Marshal Count von Waldersee  
and his staff at the castle to-day. The Kaiser  
congratulated Count von Waldersee on his

of the civilized world and added that "It is of great significance that your appointment from the outset secured the support and approval of the Emperor of the Russians, the mighty ruler who makes his power felt through the whole of the world."

"It shows once more," said the Emperor, "how closely united are the old traditions in arms of the two empires. I hail with you the fact that the whole civilized world without distinction and spontaneously entrusted you with this command. As Prussian officers you are gratefully filled with pride at the task that has been assigned to you, inasmuch as it expresses unanimous appreciation of our military life and work, as well as our military system and training and the leadership of our general staff."

In the interest of our people I wish that our common expedition may turn into a firm alliance.

The Kaiser then gave Field Marshal von Waldersee a baton and said he hoped the latter would bring about a customary vigor and sureness in critical moments.

Count von Waldersee in reply thanked the Emperor and assured him that while his arms and strength to hold the baton the order to retreat would never be given.

A dinner followed at which the Kaiser proposed the health of Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria and made a few remarks thanking the Austrian monarch for the words addressed to himself and Count von Waldersee on the occasion of the latter's appointment.

When the Emperor had finished the following

ends of our land whom we all honor from the bottom of our hearts."

Later on the Emperor bade farewell to the officers and kissed Count von Waldersee.

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**LANDING TROOPS AT SHANGHAI.**

British and French Forces There—Situation Along the Yang-Tze Reported Serious.

*Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.*

LONDON, Aug. 18.—A Shanghai despatch to Gabriel's News agency of Friday's date says the British troops from India are being disembarked. The French proposed to land troops Saturday.

The situation along the Yang-tze, the correspondent says, is serious, especially at Wuhang.

Chang Shih Tung's troops mutinied, but the

A despatch from Shanghai says that M. de  
Laurie, the French Consul-General, states that  
100 French marines have left Saigon for  
Hongkong and will be landed in case of an  
emergency.

**POLICY OF TERROR IN CHINA.**

The "Cologne Gazette" Says That This Alone  
Will Be Effective.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

COLOGNE, AUG. 10.—The *Gazette* says the re-  
sult of the Pekin negotiations only partially solves  
the Chinese question. The paper demands the  
everest chastisement of the parties guilty of  
the murder of Baron von Ketteler, the German  
minister, and maintains that a policy of terror  
is the only effective one in China.

Waubesa, Jefferson, in White Mountains, N. H.